



# Stockholm Cement Plant Uses Extra-Large Capacity Mobile Energy Storage Container

How many cement plants are there in Sweden?

In Sweden there are currently two cement production plants, one in Slite on Gotland and one in Skövde, of which the plant in Slite accounts for 80% of Sweden's cement production. Transitioning the cement industry is essential for Sweden to achieve its national climate targets and align with EU energy and climate objectives under the Paris Agreement

Where does Sweden's cement come from?

In Sweden, around three-quarters of the country's cement supply comes from the Slite cement plant on the island of Gotland, which has been in operation for more than 100 years. Heidelberg Materials plans to capture up to 1.8 million tonnes of CO<sub>2</sub> emissions annually at the Slite plant by 2030.

How much carbon dioxide does the cement industry emit?

The cement industry accounts for 8% of global carbon dioxide emissions and about 6% of Swedish emissions, which corresponds to about a fifth of the industry's emissions in Sweden. Emissions from cement production occur mainly from the calcination process, when limestone (CaCO<sub>3</sub>) is heated to about 1500°C to be converted to calcium oxide (CaO).

What materials are used in a cement plant?

In a cement plant, limestone (calcium carbonate, CaCO<sub>3</sub>), clay/shale, sand/quartz, iron ore and bauxite (providing SiO<sub>2</sub>, Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> and Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>) and different forms of additives are processed to form cement.

The world's first large-scale BECCS (bioenergy with carbon capture and storage) project, deploying CapSol's capture technology, is now moving into construction as Stockholm Exergi has ...

Through nanoscale 3D imaging, electrolyte optimization, and multicell stacking, we demonstrate the production of high-voltage, energy-storing concrete components capable of ...

The majority of carbon dioxide emissions from cement production arises when limestone is heated to high temperatures to develop its binding properties prior to concrete production. Three ...

The review covers different energy storage mechanisms, including chemical, thermal, and electrical methods, highlighting the efficiency and capacity of each approach.

Abstract: For cement plants, energy storage power stations have outstanding features such as reducing energy costs, stabilizing power supply, balancing power loads, and optimizing power ...

Heidelberg Materials, one of the world's largest cement producers and the sole producer in Sweden, is set to cut all carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) emissions at its Slite cement plant by 2030, contributing to the ...



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This factory is on track to become one of the world's first large-scale cement plants with full CCS integration, capturing around 400,000 tonnes of CO<sub>2</sub> annually.

Work on a giant carbon capture and storage (CCS) site in Stockholm began Thursday, with the facility expected to be operational in 2028.

**Summary** This brief provides data and information on a major cement plant in Gotland, Sweden, with a focus on technologies, energy flows, and decarbonization pathways. It highlights key ...

Enter concrete battery storage - a game-changing innovation using cement-based materials to store excess energy. Germany's Fraunhofer Institute reports that this technology could reduce energy ...

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